

The Wichita Daily Eagle

VOL. XXI, NO. 63.

WICHITA, KANSAS, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1894.

WHOLE NO. 2831.

Let us Doctor

Your appearance. In a healthy man every organ is in perfect harmony with its fellows. It should be the same with your clothing. Is your neckwear out of joint? If so we can reset it at small cost. Our vest window is "choked" full of seasonable curatives and the price is one-half the value or one quarter of a dollar for a guaranteed cure.

Herman & Hess

406 E. Douglas ave.

Mason & Hamlin Pianos.	Roger Bros. Pianos.
H. E. P. N. O. S.	B. A. P. N. O. S.
4	4

Barnes & Newcomb

Popular Music Dealers.
407 E. DOUGLAS.

FREE TREATMENT!

\$500 REWARD.
The above will be given to any person treated by Dr. Graham who does not recede or suffer a cure, according to agreement. Dr. Graham is permanently located in this city and will positively fulfill to a letter all agreements. The doctor has had years of experience in treating with success all chronic diseases, especially that class of cases that have been given up as incurable by the family physician. If you are suffering from any disease that has resisted treatment, see the doctor at once. It will cost you nothing but your time. Don't forget the address: Dr. Graham, 221 N. Main street, Wichita, Kan. Free clinic, Mondays and Fridays from 11 a. m. to 4 p. m. The poor will receive treatment free of charge upon the presentation of a certificate from their pastor.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK.

The only first-class hotel in the city. With all modern improvements. Cuisine unsurpassed. Free back from all trains. Free sample rooms. Rates \$2 per day. J. J. BRUNSWICK, Prop.

HERE IS SOMETHING YOU WANT.

222 225
WE SELL IT.
THE
EDISON-MIMOGRAPH TYPEWRITER.
A Practical Writing Machine for \$22.00.
It lacks the HIGHEST speed, but is fast enough.
It has steel type.
It keeps its alignment.
It prints from a ribbon.
It is a heavy machine.
It is strong and durable.
It is light and portable.
It does Perfect Mimeograph Work.
It does as good work as the \$100 machine.
No 1-75 characters, caps and small letters, \$22.00.
No 2-86 characters, caps and small letters, wide carriage, \$25.00.
No 3-English, French and German, 100 characters, caps and small letters, \$25.00.
Address the EAGLE for full descriptive catalogue of typewriter.

Copper Plate Engraving.

The EAGLE is prepared to furnish Estimates on Fine Copper Work of all kinds.

Wedding Invitations.

All the Latest Styles, Monograms of Every Description.

Cards

including Plate, \$1.50 per 100.

Call

and see our Fine Line of Samples. The only Complete Line in the city.

Orders

Filled in from One to Three Days.

Accumulated Wealth

Laying up of riches isn't the only thing in life, for frequently a sour disposition is the result.

You want to take comfort in life as you go along. One of the best ways to take comfort is to buy well fitting footwear. You will find it at

BRADFORD'S

Prices on black and tan shoe reduced to suit the times.

BRADFORD'S SHOE STORE

126 NORTH MAIN STREET.

TUESDAY
JULY 31st



TO-DAY, the great trotting meeting of the Circuit opens at Buffalo, N. Y. A total of \$350,000 has been offered in purses, of which \$75,000 will be competed for at this meeting. The programme will continue for two weeks. Alix, Fantastic, Pixley, Directum and other celebrated flyers will be present and add interest to the events.

Our own races in Wichita are but a little over eight weeks distant, but the time when you can secure a good form-fitting, made-to-order suit at either \$15 or \$18 is just now at hand; our windows contain samples. They are worth more but we'll sell 'em at those prices.

T. B. GLOSSER,

Tailor and Furnisher,

145 MAIN STREET.

FOR THE NEXT 60 DAYS

we will make suits to order at especially low prices, to give employment to our help and to lessen our stock of summer fabrics. Clay Worsted and Dress Suits from \$27 up. Our price on Pants \$5.50. Remember we have 300 patterns to select from.

F. W. SWAN, 158 N. Main.

OH, SWEETNESS!

There may be mysteries even in candy making. There be wicked ingredients, sometimes, and stuff you might not care to eat if you saw it in the factories. All our candy is hand made from pure whole-some materials. Get our pieces on Chocolates, Cream Caramels, Bonbons, Buttercups and Boston Chips, and while you're in just try some of our delicious Ice Cream and Soda. We claim great things for it. Free seats under the noisiest electric fans.

BON TON & KANDY BAKERY, 254 N. Main.

N. STEFFEN, Proprietor.

What Dun's Traveling Agent Says.

"I want to state," said Mr. Walsh, "and I want to state it with all sincerity, and with no purpose of flattery, that the EAGLE is doing more to attract business to Wichita than any other agency. I find in my travels everywhere where merchants reading the EAGLE. The business advertisements are doing a world of good. It shows merchants everywhere the names of the business institutions and what they keep. I never, in all my life, have seen the power of a good newspaper, in the good it can do for its city, so fully and clearly as I have done since I became acquainted with the commercial trade of southern Kansas and Oklahoma."

Copper Plate Engraving.

The EAGLE is prepared to furnish Estimates on Fine Copper Work of all kinds.

Wedding Invitations.

All the Latest Styles, Monograms of Every Description.

Cards

including Plate, \$1.50 per 100.

Call

and see our Fine Line of Samples. The only Complete Line in the city.

Orders

Filled in from One to Three Days.

Accumulated Wealth

Laying up of riches isn't the only thing in life, for frequently a sour disposition is the result.

You want to take comfort in life as you go along. One of the best ways to take comfort is to buy well fitting footwear. You will find it at

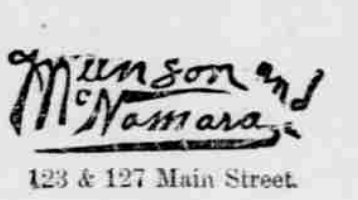
BRADFORD'S

Prices on black and tan shoe reduced to suit the times.

BRADFORD'S SHOE STORE

126 NORTH MAIN STREET.

TUESDAY
JULY 31st



TO-DAY, the great trotting meeting of the Circuit opens at Buffalo, N. Y. A total of \$350,000 has been offered in purses, of which \$75,000 will be competed for at this meeting. The programme will continue for two weeks. Alix, Fantastic, Pixley, Directum and other celebrated flyers will be present and add interest to the events.

Our own races in Wichita are but a little over eight weeks distant, but the time when you can secure a good form-fitting, made-to-order suit at either \$15 or \$18 is just now at hand; our windows contain samples. They are worth more but we'll sell 'em at those prices.

T. B. GLOSSER,

Tailor and Furnisher,

145 MAIN STREET.

FOR THE NEXT 60 DAYS

we will make suits to order at especially low prices, to give employment to our help and to lessen our stock of summer fabrics. Clay Worsted and Dress Suits from \$27 up. Our price on Pants \$5.50. Remember we have 300 patterns to select from.

F. W. SWAN, 158 N. Main.

OH, SWEETNESS!

There may be mysteries even in candy making. There be wicked ingredients, sometimes, and stuff you might not care to eat if you saw it in the factories. All our candy is hand made from pure whole-some materials. Get our pieces on Chocolates, Cream Caramels, Bonbons, Buttercups and Boston Chips, and while you're in just try some of our delicious Ice Cream and Soda. We claim great things for it. Free seats under the noisiest electric fans.

BON TON & KANDY BAKERY, 254 N. Main.

N. STEFFEN, Proprietor.

What Dun's Traveling Agent Says.

"I want to state," said Mr. Walsh, "and I want to state it with all sincerity, and with no purpose of flattery, that the EAGLE is doing more to attract business to Wichita than any other agency. I find in my travels everywhere where merchants reading the EAGLE. The business advertisements are doing a world of good. It shows merchants everywhere the names of the business institutions and what they keep. I never, in all my life, have seen the power of a good newspaper, in the good it can do for its city, so fully and clearly as I have done since I became acquainted with the commercial trade of southern Kansas and Oklahoma."

Copper Plate Engraving.

The EAGLE is prepared to furnish Estimates on Fine Copper Work of all kinds.

Wedding Invitations.

All the Latest Styles, Monograms of Every Description.

Cards

including Plate, \$1.50 per 100.

Call

and see our Fine Line of Samples. The only Complete Line in the city.

Orders

Filled in from One to Three Days.

Accumulated Wealth

Laying up of riches isn't the only thing in life, for frequently a sour disposition is the result.

You want to take comfort in life as you go along. One of the best ways to take comfort is to buy well fitting footwear. You will find it at

BRADFORD'S

Prices on black and tan shoe reduced to suit the times.

BRADFORD'S SHOE STORE

126 NORTH MAIN STREET.

NOT SO POSITIVE

SENATORS SAID TO BE WAVERING ON THE TARIFF BILL.

Outwardly, Deadlock Between Congress Seems to Be as Complete as Ever But Those on the Inside Believe the Situation Is Changing in Favor of the House Bill—Great Pressure From the Outside Has Effect.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—For the first time since the tariff bill was in conference there were signs of wavering in the strong line that has stood behind the senate bill.

"Senate bill or none," has been repeated during the day, but less frequently and with less emphasis than heretofore. The only explanation for the brief conference today is the fact that the house conferees feel the situation is changing in their favor.

There are many reasons advanced to show that this statement has a good foundation. It is known the mails and the telegraph are bringing to the Democratic senators urgent appeals to pass a bill which will not favor the trusts and which will be in line with the demands of the party platform.

In fact, these requests upon the senators are endorsements of the position of the president and the house in the main points of difference. These demands are having effect cannot be denied and have caused the senators who are most insistent upon the senate bill as regards coal, iron ore and sugar, not to concern themselves with the demands of the trusts and comfort in their analysis of the speeches made by the Democratic senators when the conference disagreement was before the senate, in which they find that but one Democrat besides Mr. Hill made any pledge of his vote, and that was Senator Caffery, who declared that the Louisiana sugar interests were not protected under the bill. None of the other senators, it is claimed, burned the bridges behind them; none of them shared absolutely that they would vote against the bill if the one-eighth differential on sugar was not retained, or that they would strike out coal and iron ore from the bill. But more than this, many of the senators declared their desire to obtain a bill which would be a compromise between the two bills. It is pointed out that none of these senators, not even Mr. Caffery, have placed themselves in a position to withdraw their support of the bill. They returned without a differential protection to the railroads and with coal and iron ore in the bill.

It is a fact that a great deal of pressure is being brought to bear on the Democratic conferees of the senate to report an agreement with modifications of the principal items, a compromise, it is suggested, to the extent of a flat ad valorem rate on sugar of 40 per cent with an extension of the bounty of January 1, 1893, free iron ore, coal 40 cents a ton with reciprocity provision that coal shall be admitted free from such countries as grant free admission to coal produced in the United States. While this proposition has not been submitted with any assertion that it is an ultimatum of the house conferees, there is a great deal of talk of its presentation. This, it is believed, will secure the votes of the Louisiana senators, the two Populists, Allen and Kyle, and Mr. C. C. Calkins. In that event it would take three other Democratic senators besides Hill to defeat the bill, and the house members declare the matter is not a foregone conclusion.

It is a fact that the situation, turning as it does on these lines, has caused considerable uneasiness among the Democrats of the senate, and especially those known to be steadfast in their demands for the senate bill in its main features. The reliance of the house upon outside support has caused the Democratic sentiment that seems to be rallying around the president in the country at large, it is claimed will grow stronger from day to day until the conference is adjourned and the bill is reported.

The prestige which the administration obtained in the conference over the unconditional repeal of the silver purchase act, the fact that the Democratic conferees of the senate have been unable to reach an understanding, and a suggestion on the part of Chairman Wilson of the house conferees that the conferees found subject to the call of the chairman, which suggestion was acquiesced in by the Republicans.

The impression which ex-Speaker Reed outlined of the situation was embodied in a rough diagram which he drew while the conference was in session, which represented the senate as a locomotive running down a steep grade under full steam. Stretching across the track and directly in front of the engine is an immense wall, representing the tariff. The Democratic conferees are represented as safely lodged in tail cars.

"That is the situation," he said. "We all know what must happen when an irresistible force strikes an immovable object."

This is as much a statement of the situation as could be obtained from any source. Democratic members of both houses appreciate to the utmost the extreme gravity of the situation. The Democrats will say anything on the subject, say that they will appear before the house conferees as they are called upon at any time. It is stated that at the Democratic conference today the house members appeared even more determined than ever to maintain their position.

It is a fact that a Democratic could be found on the senate side who would express the hope that the house conferees would content themselves with the last demonstration of the tariff and subsequently agree to come to the senate's terms.

Conferees among Democratic leaders in the senate and between the senators and the house members during the day since the conference adjourned, and they have been kept with the view of harmonizing the difference if possible. The Democrats will meet in formal conference again tomorrow.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The senate were an aspect of peace and serenity today in striking contrast to the excitement of last week. Vice President Stevenson had returned and occupied his accustomed seat. Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Allen to provide for the issue of \$30,000,000 in treasury notes. It is distributed among the states "for the relief of the worthy poor."

It was referred to the finance committee.

BULLETIN OF
The Daily Eagle

Wichita, Monday, July 30, 1894.

Weather for Wichita Today: Slightly Warmer, Fair.

INDEX OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS

1. Sugar Senators Said to be Wavering. How the Japs Licked the Chinese.
2. Archbishop Corrigan is Full of Fight. Ingalls Fires a Sarcastic Broadside. Oklahoma Democrats Prepare For Fun. Fatal Shooting Affray in Nebraska.
3. Baseball Umpires are in Bad Odds. Corn Leads in a Rapid Advance. Stock Exchange Requires Eye Opener.
4. Newton Men Talk of the Strike. Deposits for Fighting Strip Towns. Kick From the Board of Health.
5. Had an Expensive Sporting Experience.

The report of the conferees on the agricultural appropriation bill announcing agreement on the amendments but the one appropriating \$300,000 for the termination of the Russian timber was agreed to. The senate formally insisted on this amendment and sent the bill back to conference.

The sundry civil bill was presented and will be considered tomorrow, and Mr. Corbett's amendment on board of education bill would be reported tomorrow.

The house joint resolution further extending the appropriations until August 14, was passed by the house.

The senate adjourned at 4:30 p. m.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Beyond the passage of a few unimportant bills by unanimous consent, nothing was done by the house today. Mr. Boutelle offered a resolution congratulating and recognizing the Hawaiian republic, but on a point of order it was referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

Two hours were spent in an attempt to secure the adoption of a special order for the consideration of Mr. McKim's bill to protect public forest reservations, but the Republicans by absenting themselves, succeeded in forcing an adjournment.

Under the act of March 3, 1891, the president reserved public lands from sale and disposal and set aside lands for forestry purposes. The total number of acres so reserved aggregated 17,344,800 and included lands in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, Oregon, Washington and Wyoming. The bill for which consideration was sought today empowered the secretary of the interior to sell, under restrictions, not exceeding 50 per cent of the timber of commercial value on these reservations, to regulate the occupancy of the same and protect the same against fire and depredations. The house adjourned at 8:45.

CONFIRMATIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The senate today confirmed the appointment of Wm. H. Crag as associate justice supreme court of Utah, and Charles H. Robinson to be pension agent at Des Moines, Iowa.

TREASURY CASH RESERVE.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The cash balance in the treasury today was \$125,910,694, of which \$53,316,212 is gold reserve, \$590,000 gold was today engaged for export, leaving the true amount of reserve \$35,015,212.

TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Representative Hutchinson, of Texas, has introduced a resolution for an amendment to the constitution to give congress jurisdiction over the states of Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi. The amendment proposed, is reported as follows: "Texas and Mississippi, in dealing in agricultural products or other articles of prime necessity shall not exist in the United States, and congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

DESERT LAND EXEMPTIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The senate today passed a bill exempting those who have entered public land under the desert land act from making the annual improvements required by law and extending the period within which final proof can be made to five years.

REVENUE CUTTER FOR FRISCO.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Senator White, from the committee on commerce, today reported favorably the house bill authorizing the construction of a revenue cutter for the harbor at San Francisco, to cost not to exceed \$50,000.

MUST GO ALONE.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Hawaiian royalist commission now on its way to Washington will be compelled to depend on its own resources to secure an audience with the officers of this government. No assistance in that direction will be given by the officers of the legation of the republic here who point out that it would be manifestly improper for them to interfere in behalf of any one who is opposed to the existing government.

SWEET MESS, THIS.

Gambling Hells Run Under Police Protection in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 30.—A grand jury today filed a report in court saying: "We find that gambling is being carried on to its fullest extent in Chicago with doors wide open and coppers and stool pigeons plying their trade to catch the unwary for the purpose of securing the revenue of the city. It is the duty of the police department of this city to give some of the places mentioned below simple protection from arrest and prosecution."

A list of places at which it is alleged that gambling is being carried on is appended to the report, and as a reason for not returning indictments against the proprietors of these places the assistant states attorney informed them that it would be impossible to secure convictions. The assistant states attorney denies having made this statement. He says he merely told the jury that it would be impossible to secure convictions if it is to be the duty of the police to give simple protection from arrest and prosecution.

ROASTED UNDER SUN'S RAYS.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Severe deaths and five prostrations resulted from the heat in this city today. The greatest suffering was experienced by the long line of the hot weather, today bringing with it a slight relief. The thermometer reached but 90 degrees and the greatest humidity was 60 degrees.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—One hundred and fifty in the shade was the record here today. Yesterday it was 102 and for ten days it has not been below 90.

DEBS AMONG HOOSIERS.

CHICAGO, July 30.—E. V. Debs arrived in the city from Terre Haute tonight and was met at the depot by the labor organizations and citizens of the city to the number of 1,000 or more. He was warmly greeted by the labor unions. At the Hotel Lincoln hotel Mr. Debs was given a big ovation by the assembled crowd. Debs spoke to a large crowd tonight.

FIRST GUNS FIRED

DETAILS OF THE NAVAL FIGHT IN ORIENTAL WATERS.

Brief But Severe Engagement in Which the Japs Sank a Chinese Transport With Two Thousand Souls on Board—Capture of the Tsoo Kian and Escape of Other Chinese Vessels—Reported Battle at Asan.

SHANGHAI, China, July 30.—Details of the recent naval engagement reached this city tonight. The fighting, though of short duration, was very severe. One of the Japanese warships going with a comparatively short distance of the transport Kow Shing and discharged a torpedo at her. The missile was well directed and struck the transport fairly. A terrific explosion followed and the Kow Shing began to sink.

Prior to the discharge of the torpedo, the crew of the transport, which was armed, and the military force on board of her, made a hard fight against the attacking force. Many of those on board of her were shot dead on her deck.

When the vessel began to sink there was great excitement on board of her. In the confusion that prevailed, no attempt was made to lower the small boats. But even had such an attempt been made, the boats could have carried but a small percentage of those on board. Every foreigner on board the transport, which had been chartered by the Chinese government from an English company, was either killed or fighting or went down with the vessel when she foundered.

The loss of life was very great. Of nearly 2,000 Chinese troops on board of her only forty were saved. They were picked up by the French gunboat Lion that was cruising in that vicinity. Only a short time elapsed between the explosion and the foundering of the transport. The vessel went down suddenly near Sheikong island, at which place her commander made an attempt to beach her.

The Tsoo Kian, which was captured by the Japanese, was an old man-of-war that had been impressed into use as a transport. Many were killed on board of her before she fell into the hands of the Japanese.

The Chinese official account of the recent engagement between Chinese and Japanese warships says the Chinese ironclad Kien Yuen, which is one of the largest vessels of her class belonging to the north China fleet, captured the Japanese transport Kow Shing, and captured a dispatch boat and sank a transport. Six other transports were captured.

News has been received here that on the same day that the naval engagement took place the Japanese troops landed at Asan, a Chinese at Asan details of the attack have been received.

The British warship screw Porpoise had sailed hence to proceed to the British at Cebu, on the Shan Yung promontory, a health report of foreigners. The principal division of the Chinese reinforcements sent from Taku has reached its destination.

A Yokohama dispatch says: An imperial edict has been issued, calling out the army and navy to proceed to the Philippines to report forthwith at their respective headquarters. The Chinese residents of Japan are greatly alarmed at the threatening outlook, and are fleeing from the country in large numbers.

At Tokio the conviction is growing in official circles that the Chinese negotiators are simply a pretext to gain time in order to allow China to concentrate her forces for the purpose of making a combined attack on the Japanese.

Reliable information has been received at Tokio that the main body of the Chinese army crossed the northwestern frontier of Korea on July 15. Further firing on Japanese ships on the Korean coast is reported.

It is said that widespread discontent exists in Korea because of the corruption and mismanagement of the government.

One of the most powerful revolutionary factors in the country is the Quaid religious sect called Tonghak, which advocates, practically speaking, the closing of the country to the presence of foreigners in the country. This sect has set itself the task of ridding the country of the hated foreigners, and has threatened the Japanese and other foreign residents. Among the charges brought against the foreigners is one that they have caused an enormous amount of loss of food stuffs, without any benefit accruing to the Koreans.

The King of Korea proposes to red act the constitution and extend the reign of the revolution that will sweep him from his throne. He is heavily in debt, and the whole country is in a state of anarchy. To this country of affairs it is believed that recently started in one of the provinces. Last year 30,000 Koreans, armed and unarmed, threatened to march on to the capital, Seoul, and extend the revolution. This rebellion was suppressed but the country has been disturbed ever since. Reforms in the administration are regarded as absolutely necessary, but only to save the commerce of the country, but for the safety of foreigners.

Advices from Seoul show that upon the receipt of news to Seoul of the demand that the Chinese troops be sent out of the country the Japanese advanced on Seoul. After a short encounter, in which the Koreans were defeated, the Japanese occupied the royal palace. The King of Korea thereupon asked the foreign representatives to intervene.

Japanese attacked the Chinese troops who landed at Asan from the transport that escaped from the Japanese warships. China has prohibited the exportation of rice or grain. Torpedoes have been laid in the north channel and the entrance of the Yangtze River. The Chinese government is laying war material freely.

CHINESE AND JAPS DETAINED.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The steamship Galic from Hong Kong and Yokohama brought only twenty-seven Chinese passengers and had but five white cabin passengers and one Chinese in the steerage. It was the first time since the outbreak of the steamship war between here and Hong Kong that so few Chinese have come to San Francisco. The explanation is given by the officers of the Galic is the fact that all able bodied Chinese were detained, pending the outcome of the negotiations that were going on between China and Japan when the steamer was in Chinese waters. A number of merchandise and sundries were taken to San Francisco but the Chinese authorities would not permit them to pass. As a result of the war with the Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental companies expect their steamers to come, in the future, almost entirely of Chinese passengers.

TO HELP THEIR COUNTRY.

SACRAMENTO, July 30.—It is learned that the Japanese in the vicinity of Sacramento, of whom there are a large number, held a mass meeting in a hall here last Saturday night and pledged themselves to raise a large sum of money and send it to their country to help the Japanese cause their war against China. Committees were appointed to visit out landings on a collection tour among the Japanese in the city and surrounding country districts.

JAPAN'S BAD BREAK

WASHINGTON, July 30.—It is the opinion of diplomats here that the Japanese have made a grave error in sinking the transport Kow Shing, and one that is likely to cost them much money in reparation, besides the humiliation of an abject. The Kow Shing was a line of coasting steamers belonging to Hing Maitalee & Co., and trading between Chinese ports. The vessel was under the British flag when she was sunk. Although she carried Chinese troops to Korea, it is said here as did not violate the laws of neutrality, for there has been no declaration of war or open acknowledgment by either China or Japan that a war exists. The vessel, therefore, was a legitimate merchant ship, and the Japanese are likely to pay dearly for sinking her and destroying the lives of the ship's company.

DAMAGES DEMANDED.</